

Chapter 9: Welcome Back to School

Theme: School Life | English Study Notes & Exercises

A. WORD MEANINGS (शब्दार्थ)

S.N.	Word / Phrase	Meaning (Hindi)
1	Welcome back	फिर से स्वागत
2	Summer	गर्मी का समय
3	Begun	शुरू किया
4	Totally different	पूरी तरह अलग
5	Have fun	मस्ती करना
6	Recess	अवकाश
7	All day long	पूरे दिन
8	Instead of	के बदले
9	Pledge	संकल्प / शपथ
10	Allegiance	वफादारी
11	Rock and roll song	मजेदार गीत
12	Hallways	गलियारे

B. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING QUESTIONS

Q1. "But this year is totally different!" How is the year different?

Ans: This year is totally different because the teacher promised the students that they would only have fun.

Q2. What will the students not study?

Ans: The students will not study any mathematics.

Q3. Where will they play games?

Ans: They will play games in the classroom.

Q4. What will the children do for their homework?

Ans: The children will play video games and watch lots of T.V. for their homework.

Q5. What will the lunchroom serve to the children?

Ans: The lunchroom will serve chocolate and fudge sundaes supreme to the children.

Q6. Did you enjoy the poem? Give two reasons.

Ans: Yes, I enjoyed the poem very much. The two reasons are:

1. It talks about playing games.
2. The lunchroom will provide chocolate.

C. COMPREHENSION

Tick (✓) the correct option:

1. Which season has ended?

- ☐ i) Spring ☒ ii) **Summer** ☐ iii) Rain

2. The children will only:

- ☐ i) study ☐ ii) write ☒ iii) **have fun**

3. The recess will last:

- ☐ i) one hour ☐ ii) two hours ☒ iii) **all day long**

4. The children are welcome to bring in their:

- ☐ i) toys ☒ ii) **pets** ☐ iii) both of these

Glossary Notes

field trip: a trip by students to gain first-hand knowledge away from the classroom.

fudge: variously flavoured sweets | **sundae:** ice-cream topped with fruit.

dream: a series of thoughts occurring in a person's mind during sleep.

D. PLAY WITH WORDS — HOMOPHONES

Homophones are words with the same pronunciation but different meanings.

Word 1	Matches With	Word 2
1. new	→	h) knew
2. plain	→	g) plane
3. steel	→	a) steal
4. their	→	f) there
5. site	→	b) sight
6. right	→	d) write
7. I	→	e) eye
8. witch	→	c) which

E. FUN WITH GRAMMAR — SENTENCES

Grammar Rule

A group of words that makes complete sense is called a **sentence**. A sentence always begins with a capital letter and ends with a **full stop (.)**, a **question mark (?)**, or an **exclamatory mark (!)**.

Tick (✓) the groups of words that are sentences:

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. on the way | ☐ |
| 2. She is my best friend. | ☒ |
| 3. Do you like to | ☐ |
| 4. What do you do at school? | ☒ |
| 5. How cute the puppy is ! | ☒ |
| 6. This flower is | ☐ |

F. REARRANGE WORDS TO FORM SENTENCES

Rearrange these groups of words to form sentences. Remember to add capital letters, full stops, question marks, and exclamation marks where needed.

1. a/Sonal/beautiful/girl/is

Ans: Sonal is a beautiful girl.

2. honest/man/is/Pankaj/an

Ans: Pankaj is an honest man.

3. boy/do/know/you/that

Ans: Do you know that boy?

4. how/soldiers/the/brave/are

Ans: How brave the soldiers are! / How are the soldiers brave?

5. coffee/to/would/like/you/drink

Ans: Would you like to drink coffee?