

DR. R. N. INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

UNDER THE AGIS OF S. S. SITARAMSINGH EDUCATIONAL AND CHARITABLE TRUST
MOHANPUR, SITAMARHI- 843302

7. The Climate Of India

English Word	Hindi Meaning (हिंदी अर्थ)
Weather	मौसम
Climate	जलवायु
Significantly	महत्वपूर्ण रूप से / काफी हद तक
Condition	स्थिति / दशा
Atmosphere	वायुमंडल
Landform	स्थलाकृति
Coast	तट / समुद्र तट
Mountain	पर्वत / पहाड़
Desert	मरुस्थल / रेगिस्तान
Plain	मैदान
Summer	ग्रीष्म ऋतु / गर्मी
Monsoon	वर्षा ऋतु / मानसून
Winter	शीत ऋतु / सर्दी
Spring	वसंत ऋतु
Autumn	शरद ऋतु / पतझड़
Loo	लू (गर्म और शुष्क हवा)
Uncomfortable	असहज / असुविधाजनक

English Word	Hindi Meaning (हिंदी अर्थ)
Crop	फसल
Subsequent	बाद का / आगामी
Drought	सूखा
Thick	घना / मोटा
Fog	कोहरा
Contrary	विपरीत
Warmth	गर्माहट
Bloom	खिलना / फूलना

Exercises Solutions

A. Fill in the blanks.

1. Hot winds that blow in summer are called Loo.
2. Weather is the day-to-day condition of a place.
3. The Himalayan region is cold even during summers.
4. Monsoon starts from the month of June.
5. Mangoes are available during the summer season.

B. On an outline map of India, mark the following.

1. One state that is cold in the summer season: Himachal Pradesh
2. One state where it rains heavily during monsoon: Kerala
3. One state which receives less rainfall: Rajasthan
4. The part of India that is very cold during winter: Northern India (Jammu & Kashmir / Ladakh)
5. The state which gets the highest rainfall in India: Meghalaya

C. Answer the following questions.

1. What is the main difference between weather and climate?

Answer: Weather is the day-to-day condition of a place.

Climate is the average weather pattern of a place over a very long period of time.

2. Name the different seasons of India.

Answer: The main seasons are Summer, Monsoon (Rainy season), Autumn, Winter, and Spring.

3. Why is the climate different in different parts of India?

Answer: The climate is different because India is very large and has different types of land, such as high mountains, deserts, plains, and coastal areas.

4. How does the monsoon arrive in India?

Answer: The monsoon arrives as winds full of moisture blow from the sea towards the land. It usually reaches the coast of Kerala in early June first.

5. Write down the special features of spring.

Answer: Spring is a very pleasant season that is neither too hot nor too cold. During this time, trees grow new leaves and many colourful flowers bloom.

D. The spring season is known as Basant in Hindi...

Information for the presentation activity:

- Basant Panchami: People wear yellow clothes, fly kites, and pray to Goddess Saraswati.
- Holi: This is the festival of colours, celebrating the end of winter and the arrival of spring.
- Baisakhi: A spring harvest festival in Punjab where people celebrate with traditional dances like Bhangra.

E. Different types of fruits and vegetables are grown...

Season	Fruits	Vegetables
Summer	Mango, Watermelon, Muskmelon	Bottle gourd, Cucumber, Bitter gourd
Monsoon	Jamun, Plum, Cherries	Okra (Bhindi), Ridge gourd
Winter	Apple, Orange, Guava	Carrot, Peas, Spinach, Cauliflower

